

# Classification Information Sheet

## PARA-SNOWBOARD

This information is intended to be a generic guide to classification for Para-Snowboard. The classification of athletes in this sport is performed by authorised classifiers according to the classification rules of the sport, which are determined by the International Federation (IPC Alpine Skiing).

### Which Paralympic impairment groups compete in Para-Snowboard?

Impairment		Examples of health conditions
Physical Impairment	Limb loss or deficiency	Amputation from trauma, cancer, Limb deficiency from birth
	Loss of muscle strength	Spinal cord injury, Spina Bifida, Transverse Myelitis, Sacral Agenesis, Spinal Tumours, Erbs Palsy, Muscular dystrophy
	Hypertonia Ataxia Athetosis	Cerebral palsy, acquired brain injury, stroke, brain tumor, Multiple sclerosis, cerebellar ataxia, Hereditary Spastic Paraparesis or other conditions where hypertonia (spasticity, rigidity or dystonia), ataxia or athetosis are present.
	Joint movement restrictions	Arthrogryposis, Talipes Equinovarus, joint fusions
	Leg length difference	Significant difference in leg length

### What is the Minimal Disability Criteria?

Specific criteria applied to each sport to determine if a person's disability results in sufficient limitation in their sport. This is called the minimal disability criteria. For more information page numbers of the [IPC Alpine Skiing Classification rules](#) are indicated in brackets.

Impairment		Minimal Disability – GUIDE ONLY
Physical Impairment	Limb loss or deficiency	At least single amputation through ankle or through wrist. Limb deficiency or dysmelia resulting in non effective wrist or ankle. (Page 56-57)
	Loss of muscle strength	Loss of muscle power in at least one elbow, shoulder, hip, knee or ankle. (Page 56-57)
	Hypertonia Ataxia Athetosis	Spasticity, ataxia or athetosis in at least one arm or leg. (page 56-57)
	Joint movement restrictions	Movement restriction in at least one elbow, shoulder joint, hip, knee or ankle. (Page 56-57)
	Leg length difference	Leg length difference of at least 7cm. (Page 56-57)

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### How do I get classified?

1. Apply to be classified online via the [Get Classified form](#).
- OR
2. Contact your [State Para-Snowboard Organisation](#)

### What are the Paralympic classes for this sport?

The list below is intended as a guide only. Only authorised classifiers are able to provide a formal classification in a particular sport.

Class	Examples (Guide Only)
SB-LL-1	Boarders with significant lower limb impairment in one or both legs. Athletes may use prosthesis as required.
SB-LL-2	Boarders with lower limb impairment one or both legs with less activity limitation.
SB-UL	Boarders with upper limb impairment in at least one arm.

### Further Information

National	<a href="#">Disabled Wintersport Australia</a> E: info@disabledwintersport.com.au P: +61 2 9704 0500	<a href="#">Australian Paralympic Committee</a> E: <a href="mailto:classification@paralympic.org.au">classification@paralympic.org.au</a> P: +61 2 9704 0500
International	<a href="#">IPC Alpine Skiing</a>	